Monthly Meeting
Stakeholder Advisory Committee for Ohio’s Medicaid SUD 1115 Demonstration Waiver

April 5, 2021
10:00 am – 12:00 pm Eastern Time

OhioMHAS Director Lori Criss
ODM Director Maureen Corcoran
Webinar Instructions

If you have dialed in using a telephone, be sure to mute the sound on your computer to avoid feedback.

If you are using sound via your computer, make sure sound is turned ON.

All participants, except members of the Stakeholder Advisory Committee and State staff, will have their microphones muted. However, anyone may enter comments or questions using the question box feature in the webinar control panel.

Stakeholder Advisory Committee members will have their microphones unmuted and can speak during the webinar. Please remember to mute your microphone whenever you are not speaking.
Agenda

1. Presentation of Ohio Dept of Health’s Data on Drug Overdoses
2. Data Review - Medicaid Behavioral Health Provider Capacity
3. Update on Utilization Management Targeted Workgroup
4. Project to Expand BH Provider Health Information Exchange Capacity
5. Closing announcements
Drug Overdose Summary

Ohio Department of Health
Drug Overdose Summary

Jaime Iten, MPH
Epidemiologist
Violence and Injury Prevention Section
Ohio Department of Health
Overdose Mortality Data

Source: ODH Bureau of Vital Statistics.

• Death certificates.
• Ohio Public Health Information Warehouse: http://publicapps.odh.ohio.gov/EDW/DataBrowser/Browse/Mortality.
• Data note: Coroners have six months to complete death investigations and report death certificates.

Unintentional drug overdose deaths.

• Ohio residents.
• County is determined by county of residence.

Number and Age-Adjusted Rate of Unintentional Drug Overdose Deaths by Year, Ohio, 2010-2020*

## Number of Unintentional Drug Overdose Deaths by Quarter, Ohio, 2017-2020*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Q1</th>
<th>Q2</th>
<th>Q3</th>
<th>Overall</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2017</td>
<td>1,391</td>
<td>1,356</td>
<td>1,083</td>
<td>1,459</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2018</td>
<td>905</td>
<td>942</td>
<td>1,023</td>
<td>1,083</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2019</td>
<td>908</td>
<td>985</td>
<td>1,037</td>
<td>1,023</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2020*</td>
<td>1,459</td>
<td>985</td>
<td>1,037</td>
<td>1,233</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


Number of Unintentional Drug Overdose Deaths by Month, Ohio, 2017-2020*

Number of Unintentional Drug Overdose Deaths and Suspected Drug Overdose ED Visits by Month, Ohio, 2017-2020*

Average Age-Adjusted Rate of Unintentional Drug Overdose Deaths by County of Residence, Ohio, 2014-2019

Death Rates per 100,000 Population

- 4.9 - 16.2
- 16.3 - 22.5
- 22.6 - 26.4
- 26.5 - 34.7
- 34.8 - 43.7
- 43.8 - 63.9

Ohio Counties Ranked According to the Highest Number of Unintentional Drug Overdose Deaths in 2019

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>County</th>
<th>2018</th>
<th>2019</th>
<th>% Change</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Franklin</td>
<td>476</td>
<td>547</td>
<td>14.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Cuyahoga</td>
<td>443</td>
<td>477</td>
<td>7.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Hamilton</td>
<td>357</td>
<td>353</td>
<td>-1.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Montgomery</td>
<td>275</td>
<td>266</td>
<td>-3.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Lucas</td>
<td>166</td>
<td>224</td>
<td>34.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Summit</td>
<td>128</td>
<td>201</td>
<td>57.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Butler</td>
<td>176</td>
<td>169</td>
<td>-4.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Lorain</td>
<td>101</td>
<td>106</td>
<td>5.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Stark</td>
<td>74</td>
<td>101</td>
<td>36.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Mahoning</td>
<td>98</td>
<td>101</td>
<td>3.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Trumbull</td>
<td>79</td>
<td>99</td>
<td>25.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Scioto</td>
<td>47</td>
<td>81</td>
<td>72.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Clermont</td>
<td>78</td>
<td>81</td>
<td>3.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Lake</td>
<td>71</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>5.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Clark</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>-22.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Richland</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>54</td>
<td>5.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Warren</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>12.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Columbiana</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>14.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Licking</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Greene</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>-18.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ohio</td>
<td></td>
<td>3,764</td>
<td>4,028</td>
<td>7.0%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: ODH, Bureau of Vital Statistics. Includes Ohio residents who died due to unintentional drug poisoning (underlying cause of death ICD-10 codes X40-X44). County is based on county of residence.
Ohio Counties
Ranked According to the Highest Age-Adjusted Rate of Unintentional Drug Overdose Deaths in 2019

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>County</th>
<th>2018</th>
<th>2019</th>
<th>% Change</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Scioto</td>
<td>68.2</td>
<td>121.9</td>
<td>78.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Gallia</td>
<td>62.8</td>
<td>72.4</td>
<td>15.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Pike</td>
<td>56.0</td>
<td>58.4</td>
<td>4.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Trumbull</td>
<td>45.8</td>
<td>56.9</td>
<td>24.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Lucas</td>
<td>40.8</td>
<td>56.3</td>
<td>38.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Montgomery</td>
<td>55.5</td>
<td>54.3</td>
<td>-2.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Butler</td>
<td>51.0</td>
<td>50.1</td>
<td>-1.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Mahoning</td>
<td>48.2</td>
<td>49.7</td>
<td>3.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Ross</td>
<td>50.5</td>
<td>49.4</td>
<td>-2.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Richland</td>
<td>45.5</td>
<td>49.3</td>
<td>8.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Marion</td>
<td>50.4</td>
<td>49.3</td>
<td>-2.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Clinton</td>
<td>30.0</td>
<td>48.8</td>
<td>62.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Jefferson</td>
<td>48.2</td>
<td>47.8</td>
<td>-0.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Adams</td>
<td>40.6</td>
<td>46.8</td>
<td>15.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Clark</td>
<td>62.7</td>
<td>46.2</td>
<td>-26.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Fayette</td>
<td>*</td>
<td>45.2</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Huron</td>
<td>31.9</td>
<td>43.9</td>
<td>37.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Hamilton</td>
<td>45.2</td>
<td>43.6</td>
<td>-3.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Lawrence</td>
<td>55.0</td>
<td>42.0</td>
<td>-23.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Clermont</td>
<td>39.9</td>
<td>41.9</td>
<td>5.0%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Ohio
34.2 36.4 6.4%

Source: ODH, Bureau of Vital Statistics. Includes Ohio residents who died due to unintentional drug poisoning (underlying cause of death ICD-10 codes X40-X44). County is based on county of residence. Rate is per 100,000. *Rate is suppressed when there are fewer than 10 total deaths.
Ohio Counties
Ranked According to the Highest Percent Change in Age-Adjusted Rate of Unintentional Drug Overdose Deaths from 2018 to 2019

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>County</th>
<th>2018</th>
<th>2019</th>
<th>% Change</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Wood</td>
<td>11.3</td>
<td>20.3</td>
<td>79.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Scioto</td>
<td>68.2</td>
<td>121.9</td>
<td>78.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Clinton</td>
<td>30.0</td>
<td>48.8</td>
<td>62.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Summit</td>
<td>24.7</td>
<td>40.0</td>
<td>61.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Ashtabula</td>
<td>22.2</td>
<td>35.4</td>
<td>59.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Geauga</td>
<td>16.2</td>
<td>25.2</td>
<td>55.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Shelby</td>
<td>21.8</td>
<td>31.9</td>
<td>46.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Lucas</td>
<td>40.8</td>
<td>56.3</td>
<td>38.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Huron</td>
<td>31.9</td>
<td>43.9</td>
<td>37.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Stark</td>
<td>22.3</td>
<td>29.8</td>
<td>33.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Tuscarawas</td>
<td>13.1</td>
<td>16.6</td>
<td>26.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Preble</td>
<td>29.7</td>
<td>37.6</td>
<td>26.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Portage</td>
<td>18.7</td>
<td>23.5</td>
<td>25.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Trumbull</td>
<td>45.8</td>
<td>56.9</td>
<td>24.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Gallia</td>
<td>62.8</td>
<td>72.4</td>
<td>15.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Adams</td>
<td>40.6</td>
<td>46.8</td>
<td>15.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Logan</td>
<td>26.9</td>
<td>31.0</td>
<td>15.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Franklin</td>
<td>35.7</td>
<td>40.6</td>
<td>13.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Wayne</td>
<td>17.6</td>
<td>19.9</td>
<td>13.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Warren</td>
<td>18.8</td>
<td>21.2</td>
<td>12.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ohio</td>
<td>34.2</td>
<td>36.4</td>
<td>6.4%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: ODH, Bureau of Vital Statistics. Includes Ohio residents who died due to unintentional drug poisoning (underlying cause of death ICD-10 codes X40-X44). County is based on county of residence. Rate is per 100,000.
Age-Adjusted Rate of Unintentional Drug Overdose Deaths by Sex, Ohio, 2014-2019

Source: ODH, Bureau of Vital Statistics. Includes Ohio residents who died due to unintentional drug poisoning (underlying cause of death ICD-10 codes X40-X44).
Source: ODH, Bureau of Vital Statistics. Includes Ohio residents who died due to unintentional drug poisoning (underlying cause of death ICD-10 codes X40-X44).
Age-Adjusted Rate of Unintentional Drug Overdose Deaths by Race/Ethnicity, Ohio, 2014-2019

Source: ODH, Bureau of Vital Statistics. Includes Ohio residents who died due to unintentional drug poisoning (underlying cause of death ICD-10 codes X40-X44). Other race/ethnicity groups not presented due to small numbers.
Source: ODH, Bureau of Vital Statistics. Includes Ohio residents who died due to unintentional drug poisoning (underlying cause of death ICD-10 codes X40-X44). Other race/ethnicity groups not presented due to small numbers.
Rate of Unintentional Drug Overdose Deaths by Age, Sex, and Race/Ethnicity, Ohio, 2019

Source: ODH, Bureau of Vital Statistics. Includes Ohio residents who died due to unintentional drug poisoning (underlying cause of death ICD-10 codes X40-X44). Other race/ethnicity groups not represented due to small numbers.
Percentage of Unintentional Drug Overdose Deaths Involving Select Drugs by Sex and Race/Ethnicity, Ohio, 2019

Source: Ohio Department of Health, Bureau of Vital Statistics. Analysis: ODH Violence and Injury Prevention Section. Includes Ohio residents who died due to unintentional drug poisoning (underlying cause of death ICD-10 code X40-X44). Fentanyl includes fentanyl and fentanyl analogs (e.g. carfentanil). Psychostimulants include methamphetamine and other psychostimulants with potential for abuse (ICD-10 code T43.6). Natural and Semi-Synthetic Opioids (e.g. oxycodone, hydrocodone) correspond to code T40.2. Multiple drugs are usually involved in overdose deaths. Individual deaths may be reported in more than one category. Other race groups not represented due to small numbers.

Percentage of Unintentional Drug Overdose Deaths Involving Select Drugs by Sex and Race/Ethnicity, Ohio, 2019

- Black non-Hispanic Females: N = 187
- Black non-Hispanic Males: N = 463
- White non-Hispanic Females: N = 1,055
- White non-Hispanic Males: N = 2,191
- Hispanic Females: N = 17
- Hispanic Males: N = 85
Source: Ohio Department of Health, Bureau of Vital Statistics. Analysis: ODH Violence and Injury Prevention Section. Includes Ohio residents who died due to unintentional drug poisoning (underlying cause of death ICD-10 codes X40-X44). Fentanyl includes fentanyl and fentanyl analogs (e.g., carfentanil). Psychostimulants include methamphetamine and other psychostimulants with potential for abuse (ICD-10 code T43.6). Natural and semi-synthetic opioids (e.g., oxycodone, hydrocodone) correspond to code T40.2. Multiple drugs are usually involved in overdose deaths. Individual deaths may be reported in more than one category. Other race groups not represented due to small numbers.
Number of Unintentional Drug Overdose Deaths Involving Select Drugs, Ohio, 2014-2020*

Source: Ohio Department of Health, Bureau of Vital Statistics. Analysis: ODH Violence and Injury Prevention Section. Includes Ohio residents who died due to unintentional drug poisoning (underlying cause of death ICD-10 codes X40-X44). Fentanyl includes fentanyl and fentanyl analogs (e.g., carfentanil). Psychostimulants include methamphetamine and other psychostimulants with potential for abuse (ICD-10 code T43.6). Multiple drugs are usually involved in overdose deaths. Individual deaths may be reported in more than one category. *2020 data is preliminary. Data updated March 24, 2021.
Percentage of Unintentional Drug Overdose Deaths Involving Select Drugs, Ohio, 2011-2020*

Source: Ohio Department of Health, Bureau of Vital Statistics. Analysis: ODH Violence and Injury Prevention Section. Includes Ohio residents who died due to unintentional drug poisoning (underlying cause of death ICD-10 codes X40-X44). Fentanyl includes fentanyl and fentanyl analogs (e.g., carfentanil). Psychostimulants include methamphetamine and other psychostimulants with potential for abuse (ICD-10 code T43.6). Multiple drugs are usually involved in overdose deaths. Individual deaths may be reported in more than one category. *2020 data is preliminary. Data updated March 24, 2021.
Percentage of Unintentional Drug Overdose Deaths Involving Fentanyl by Drug Category, Ohio, 2017-2020*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Drug Category</th>
<th>2017</th>
<th>2018</th>
<th>2019</th>
<th>2020*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cocaine</td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>N = 1,182</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Psychostimulants</td>
<td>79%</td>
<td>N = 1,025</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benzodiazepines</td>
<td>76%</td>
<td>N = 396</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heroin</td>
<td>83%</td>
<td>N = 294</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Natural and Semi-Synthetic Opioids</td>
<td>68%</td>
<td>N = 395</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Opioids</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Opioids</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Overdose Deaths</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Ohio Department of Health, Bureau of Vital Statistics. Analysis: ODH Violence and Injury Prevention Section. Includes Ohio residents who died due to unintentional drug poisoning (underlying cause of death ICD-10 codes X40-X44). Fentanyl includes fentanyl and fentanyl analogs (e.g., carfentanil). Psychostimulants include methamphetamine and other psychostimulants with potential for abuse (ICD-10 code T43.6). Multiple drugs are usually involved in overdose deaths. Individual deaths may be reported in more than one category. *2020 data is preliminary. Data updated March 26, 2021.
Contact Information

Jaime Iten
Epidemiologist
Violence and Injury Prevention Section
Ohio Department of Health
jaime.iten@odh.ohio.gov
Update on Provider Capacity Data
DRAFT: Medicaid MAT OUD Prescribing & Billing Providers with Numbers of Patients Overlaid on: Medicaid Recipients with OUD* by Census Tract SFYs 2018-2020

Data Source: OHHS, February 1, 2021

*OUD: primary or secondary diagnosis
DRAFT: Medicaid MAT OUD Prescribing & Billing Providers with Numbers of Patients Overlayed on: Percent of Medicaid Recipients with OUD by Census Tract SFYs 2018-2020

Data Source: OHHS, February 1, 2021

*OUD: primary or secondary diagnosis
DRAFT: Net Changes in Number of Medicaid MAT OUD Prescribing Providers Between SFYs 2018 & 2020

Data Source: OHHS, February 1, 2021

*OUD: primary or secondary diagnosis
DRAFT: Changes in Medicaid MAT OUD Prescribing & Billing Providers Between 2018 & 2020 with Numbers of Patients Overlayed on:
Medicaid Recipients with OUD by Census Tract

Overlay: Number of Medicaid Recipients with OUD

Overlay: Percent of Medicaid Recipients with OUD

Data Source: OHHS, February 1, 2021

*OUD: primary or secondary diagnosis
DRAFT: Changes in Medicaid MAT OUD Prescribing & Billing Providers Between 2018 & 2020 with Numbers of Patients Overlayed on:
Ohio’s County-Level Opiate Overdose Data*

Overlay: Ohio’s County-Level Opiate Overdoses

Overlay: Ohio’s County-Level Age Adjusted Opiate Overdose Rate

Data Sources: OHHS, February 1, 2021
Opiate Overdoses from ODH’s Data Warehouse
DRAFT: Changes in Medicaid MAT OUD Prescribing & Billing Providers Between 2018 & 2020 with Numbers of Patients Overlaid on: Ohio’s County-Level Opiate Age-Adjusted Overdose Rate Data*

Medicaid MAT Providers Billing SFY 2018 & Not in SFY 2020

Medicaid MAT Providers Billing SFY 2020 & Not in SFY 2018

Data Sources: OHHS, February 1, 2021
Opiate Overdoses from ODH’s Data Warehouse
DRAFT: Net Changes in Number of Medicaid SUD Level of Care Providers Between SFYs 2018 & 2020

Data Source: OHHS, February 1, 2021

*OUD: primary or secondary diagnosis
DRAFT: Changes in Medicaid SUD Providers all Levels of Care Between 2018 & 2020 with Numbers of Patients Overlayed on: Medicaid Recipients with OUD by Census Tract

Overlay: Number of Medicaid Recipients with OUD

Overlay: Percent of Medicaid Recipients with OUD

Data Source: OHHS, February 1, 2021

*OUD: primary or secondary diagnosis
DRAFT: Changes in Medicaid SUD Providers All Levels of Care Between 2018 & 2020 with Numbers of Patients Overlayed on: Ohio’s County-Level Opiate Overdose Data*

Overlay: Ohio’s County-Level Opiate Overdoses

Overlay: Ohio’s County-Level Age Adjusted Opiate Overdose Rate

Data Sources: OHHS, February 1, 2021
Opiate Overdoses from ODH’s Data Warehouse
DRAFT: Changes in Medicaid SUD Providers All Levels of Care Between 2018 & 2020 with Numbers of Patients Overlaid on: Ohio’s County-Level Age-Adjusted Opiate Overdose Rate Data*

Medicaid SUD Providers Billing in SFY 2018 & Not in SFY 2020

Medicaid SUD Providers Billing in SFY 2020 & Not in SFY 2018

Data Sources: OHHS, February 1, 2021
Opiate Overdoses from ODH’s Data Warehouse
DRAFT: Net Changes in Number of Medicaid Early Intervention Providers Between SFYs 2018 & 2020
DRAFT: Changes in Medicaid Early Intervention Providers Between 2018 & 2020 with Numbers of Patients Overlayed on: Medicaid Recipients with OUD by Census Tract

Overlay: Number of Medicaid Recipients with OUD

Overlay: Percent of Medicaid Recipients with OUD

Data Source: OHHS, February 1, 2021

*OUD: primary or secondary diagnosis
DRAFT: Changes in Medicaid Early Intervention Providers Between 2018 & 2020 with Numbers of Patients Overlayed on: Ohio’s County-Level Opiate Overdose Data*

Overlay: Ohio’s County-Level Opiate Overdoses

Overlay: Ohio’s County-Level Age Adjusted Opiate Overdose Rate

Data Sources: OHHS, February 1, 2021
ODH’s Data Warehouse
DRAFT: Changes in Medicaid Early Intervention Providers Between 2018 & 2020 with Numbers of Patients Overlayed on: Ohio’s County-Level Age-Adjusted Opiate Overdose Rate Data*

Medicaid Early Intervention Providers Billing in SFY 2018 & Not in SFY 2020

Medicaid Early Intervention Providers Billing in SFY 2020 & Not in SFY 2018

Data Sources: OHHS, February 1, 2021

Opiate Overdoses from ODH’s Data Warehouse
DRAFT: Net Changes in Number of Medicaid Outpatient Providers Between SFYs 2018 & 2020
DRAFT: Changes in Medicaid Outpatient Providers Between 2018 & 2020 with Numbers of Patients Overlayed on:
Medicaid Recipients with OUD by Census Tract

Overlay: Number of Medicaid Recipients with OUD

Overlay: Percent of Medicaid Recipients with OUD

Data Source: OHHS, February 1, 2021
*OUD: primary or secondary diagnosis
DRAFT: Changes in Medicaid Outpatient Providers Between 2018 & 2020 with Numbers of Patients Overlayed on: Ohio’s County-Level Opiate Overdose Data*

Overlay: Ohio’s County-Level Opiate Overdoses

Overlay: Ohio’s County-Level Age Adjusted Opiate Overdose Rate

Data Sources: OHHS, February 1, 2021
Opiate Overdoses from ODH’s Data Warehouse
DRAFT: Changes in Medicaid Outpatient Providers Between 2018 & 2020 with Numbers of Patients Overlayed on: Ohio’s County-Level Age-Adjusted Opiate Overdose Rate Data*

Medicaid Outpatient Providers Billing in SFY 2018 & Not in SFY 2020

Medicaid Outpatient Providers Billing in SFY 2020 & Not in SFY 2018

Data Sources: OHHS, February 1, 2021
Opiate Overdoses from ODH’s Data Warehouse
DRAFT: Net Changes in Number of Medicaid IOP Providers Between SFYs 2018 & 2020
DRAFT: Changes in Medicaid IOP Between 2018 & 2020 with Number of Patients Overlayed on: Medicaid Recipients with OUD by Census Tract

Overlay: Number of Medicaid Recipients with OUD

Overlay: Percent of Medicaid Recipients with OUD

Data Source: OHHS, February 1, 2021

*OUD: primary or secondary diagnosis
DRAFT: Changes in Medicaid IOP Providers Between 2018 & 2020 with Number of Patients Overlayed on: Ohio’s County-Level Opiate Overdose Data*

Overlay: Ohio’s County-Level Opiate Overdoses

Overlay: Ohio’s County-Level Age Adjusted Opiate Overdose Rate

Data Sources: OHHS, February 1, 2021
Opiate Overdoses from ODH’s Data Warehouse
DRAFT: Changes in Medicaid IOP Providers Between 2018 & 2020 with Numbers of Patients Overlayed on: Ohio’s County-Level Age-Adjusted Opiate Overdose Rate Data*

Medicaid IOP Providers Billing in SFY 2018 & Not in SFY 2020

Medicaid IOP Providers Billing in SFY 2020 & Not in SFY 2018

Data Sources: OHHS, February 1, 2021
Opiate Overdoses from ODH’s Data Warehouse
DRAFT: Net Changes in Number of Medicaid Withdrawal Management Providers Between SFYs 2018 & 2020
DRAFT: Changes in Medicaid Withdrawal Management Providers Between 2018 & 2020 with Number of Patients Overlayed on: Medicaid Recipients with OUD by Census Tract

Overlay: Number of Medicaid Recipients with OUD

Overlay: Percent of Medicaid Recipients with OUD

Data Source: OHHS, February 1, 2021
*OUD: primary or secondary diagnosis
DRAFT: Changes in Medicaid Withdrawal Management Providers Between 2018 & 2020 with Number of Patients Overlayed on: Ohio’s County-Level Opiate Overdose Data*

Overlay: Ohio’s County-Level Opiate Overdoses

Overlay: Ohio’s County-Level Age Adjusted Opiate Overdose Rate

Data Sources: OHHS, February 1, 2021
DRAFT: Changes in Medicaid Withdrawal Management Providers Between 2018 & 2020 with Numbers of Patients Overlaid on: Ohio’s County-Level Age-Adjusted Opiate Overdose Rate Data


Medicaid Withdrawal Management Providers Billing in SFY 2020 & Not in SFY

Data Sources: OHHS, February 1, 2021

ODH's Data Warehouse
DRAFT: Net Changes in Number of Medicaid SUD Residential Providers Between SFYs 2018 & 2020
DRAFT: Changes in Medicaid SUD Residential Providers Between 2018 & 2020 with Numbers of Patients Overlayed on: Medicaid Recipients with OUD by Census Tract

Overlay: Number of Medicaid Recipients with OUD

Overlay: Percent of Medicaid Recipients with OUD

Data Source: OHHS, February 1, 2021

*OUD: primary or secondary diagnosis
DRAFT: Changes in Medicaid SUD Residential Providers Between 2018 & 2020 with Number of Patients Overlayed on: Ohio’s County-Level Opiate Overdose Data*

Overlay: Ohio’s County-Level Opiate Overdoses

Overlay: Ohio’s County-Level Age Adjusted Opiate Overdose Rate

Data Sources: OHHS, February 1, 2021
Opiate Overdoses from ODH’s Data Warehouse
DRAFT: Changes in Medicaid SUD Residential Providers Between 2018 & 2020
with Numbers of Patients Overlayed on:
Ohio’s County-Level Age-Adjusted Opiate Overdose Rate Data*

Medicaid SUD Residential Providers
Billing in SFY 2018 & Not in SFY 2020

Medicaid SUD Residential Providers
Billing in SFY 2020 & Not in SFY 2018

Data Sources: OHHS, February 1, 2021
Opiate Overdoses from ODH’s Data Warehouse
DRAFT: Net Changes in Number of Medicaid Inpatient Providers Between SFYs 2018 & 2020
DRAFT: Changes in Medicaid Inpatient Providers Between 2018 & 2020 with Numbers of Patients Overlayed on: Medicaid Recipients with OUD by Census Tract

Overlay: Number of Medicaid Recipients with OUD

Overlay: Percent of Medicaid Recipients with OUD

Data Source: OHHS, February 1, 2021
*OUD: primary or secondary diagnosis
DRAFT: Changes in Medicaid Inpatient Providers Between 2018 & 2020 with Numbers of Patients Overlayed on: Ohio’s County-Level Opiate Overdose Data*

Overlay: Ohio’s County-Level Opiate Overdoses

Overlay: Ohio’s County-Level Age Adjusted Opiate Overdose Rate

Data Sources: OHHS, February 1, 2021
Opiate Overdoses from ODH’s Data Warehouse
DRAFT: Changes in Medicaid Inpatient Providers Between 2018 & 2020 with Numbers of Patients Overlayed on: Ohio’s County-Level Age-Adjusted Opiate Overdose Rate Data*

Medicaid Inpatient Providers Billing in SFY 2018 & Not in SFY 2020

Medicaid Inpatient Providers Billing in SFY 2020 & Not in SFY 2018

Data Sources: OHHS, February 1, 2021
Opiate Overdoses from ODH’s Data Warehouse
DRAFT: Patients Receiving OUD MAT by Type of MAT
CYs 2017-2020

Data Source: OHHS, March, 2021
DRAFT: Patients Receiving OUD MAT & SUD Services During the Same Month with Telehealth Break Out:
CY 2020

Unique # of Patients Taking MAT
Patients who had MAT Drug and SUD Clinic Visit
Patients who had MAT Drug and Telehealth SUD Clinic Visit

Data Source: OHHS, March, 2021
DRAFT: Patients Receiving OUD MAT & CMHC Services During the Same Month with Telehealth Break Out:
CY 2020

Data Source: OHHS, March, 2021
Utilization Management Targeted Workgroup Update

• SUD Prior Authorization Pilot kicked off on 3/1/21 and concludes on 4/30/21
• 2/16 Targeted Workgroup meeting team solicited input/feedback on SUD Residential Treatment FAQ document

• Next steps:
  » State team to research how other states are implementing PA processes and bring concepts back to the TW
  » State team to present additional data analysis based on feedback from past meetings
  » Evaluate the Pilot form at the conclusion of the Pilot process and determine next steps for operationalizing
Opportunity for Behavioral Health Agencies to Apply for Expanded HIE Services

• ODM, in partnership with OhioMHAS, has obtained tentative approval for time-sensitive federal funding to expand the utilization of Health Information Exchange (HIE) services and functions among Ohio’s behavioral health provider network
• This opportunity is focused on supporting behavioral and physical health integration through care coordination and data exchange
• This technical assistance opportunity is limited to interested providers enrolled with Ohio Medicaid to render BOTH mental health and substance use disorder treatment to Medicaid beneficiaries
• Agencies interested in being considered for future participation or inclusion must complete the required “Agency Interest Survey” by April 9th
• An info session on this funding opportunity will be held on April 5th via Microsoft Teams from 3:30 PM – 4:30 PM

Key Links:  Agency Interest Survey  HIE Info Session Teams Link  4/1 MITS Bits
Upcoming Meetings

Next Meeting of Stakeholder Advisory Committee

• June 11, 2021
• 1pm-3pm
• Registration here: https://register.gotowebinar.com/rt/2454628234498996236